# Impostor Syndrome

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## Warm-Up

- Introduce yourself to your partner in the breakout room.
- Describe a situation in which you felt like you weren't qualified for what you were doing or would be "found out" as an impostor.
- Have these feelings changed? How do you/did you deal with them? What else could you do?

## Impostor Syndrome

#### Causes:

- Marginalized identity
- First-generation status
- Late entry into the major
- Fewer/lower-level previous physics & math classes
  - few NC high schools offer physics, even fewer AP physics (Haase & Cottle 2011), schools offering physics have more privileged students (Kelly & Sheppard 2008)

#### Solutions:

- Talking about it to realize how normal and wrong it is <u>https://impostorsyndrome.com/10-steps-overcome-impostor/</u>
- Adopting a growth mindset for grades and test-taking
- Building a mentor network
- Developing a sense of physics identity (ViP/SPS, research in the department, REU programs)

### growth mindset: train yourself to be a better test-taker

#### Mythology that boys do better in math

from a meta-review of 308 studies, girls from elementary to high school have been outperforming boys in all of their classes for the last 100 years – including math and science (Voyer & Voyer 2014)

#### Mythology that women are underconfident

undergraduate math tests: men tend to **over**estimate their scores, women self-assess more accurately (Bench et al. 2015)

- Stereotype threat: a feeling that you are at risk of confirming stereotypes about your identity group
- https://users.physics.unc.edu/~sheila/Test-TakingStrategies.pdf

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#### <u>https://users.physics.unc.edu/~sheila/Test-</u> <u>TakingStrategies.pdf</u>

Also many more myths based on race, class, disability...

### growth mindset: train yourself to be a better test-taker

Value-affirmation counteracts stereotype threat. Studies show that if you take a few minutes before a test to write down or silently recite your values (e.g., supporting friends and family, contributing to human knowledge, taking a stand for social justice...), this will "bring you back to who you are" and can yield dramatic gains (tens of percents) in test scores.

Ritualize essential test-taking skills: do easy problems first, get partial credit for relevant equations, watch the time, know your grader, sleep, eat, breathe...

Practice performing under pressure if your brain "floods" in timed-test situations. Harness your stress! Read Bronson & Merryman 2013 on dopamine regulation: <u>https://www.nytimes.com/2013/02/10/magazine/why-can-</u> <u>some-kids-handle-pressure-while-others-fall-apart.html</u>

## mentoring

- Female students are less likely to be seen as worthy of mentoring, due to unconscious bias on the part of faculty (Moss-Racusin et al. 2012)
- Students who feel mentored are less likely to exhibit impostor syndrome (Ivie & Ephraim 2011)

"Mentored students were **more** likely than others to report that the major cause of success in their life was... high ability and that they are at least as smart as their peers. [They] were also **less** likely to report that they felt they were in their current career position through some kind of mistake."

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...also reinforced by microaggressions

# Can a single guru be the perfect mentor?



### Put yourself at the center instead: build a mentor network



#### Mentor Network Map



## (astro)physics identity

- Join ViP and SPS, get a peer mentor, join the department diversity Slack & tune in on Fridays <u>https://join.slack.com/t/physast-diversity/shared\_invite/zt-gzz303ir-RDIf2KHTnsuaRw~6Kj5bJQ</u>
- Join a research group in the department where you can develop strong relationships with both grad student and faculty mentors
- Visit faculty office hours and get to know your professors; maybe some will become mentors
- Do a cohort-based summer program like an REU to develop your social and professional sense of belonging in science (and find more mentors!)